# **LB1838M**



http://onsemi.com

# Monolithic Digital IC Low-Voltage, Low-Saturation Bidirectional Motor Driver Application Note

### Overview

The LB1838M is a low-saturation two-channel bidirectional motor driver IC for use in low-voltage applications.

The LB1838M is a bipolar stepper-motor driver IC that is ideal for use in printers, cameras and other portable devices.

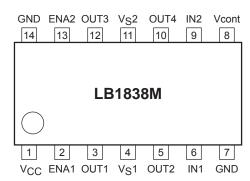
### **Functions**

- Low voltage operation (2.5V min)
- Low saturation voltage (upper transistor + lower transistor residual voltage: 0.40V at 400mA)
- Built-in through-current prevention circuit
- Separate logic power supply and motor power supply
- Built-in spark killer diodes
- · Built-in thermal shutdown circuit
- Compact package: MFP14S

### **Typical Applications**

- Automotive speed meter
- Security camera
- Thermal Printer Unit
- Camera
- POS, Card Terminal

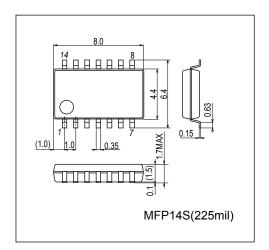
### **Pin Assignment**

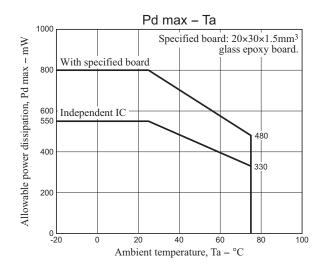


Note: Both GND pins should be connected to ground.

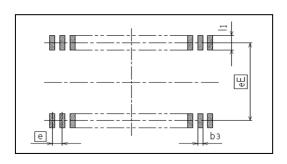
# **Package Dimensions**

unit: mm (typ)



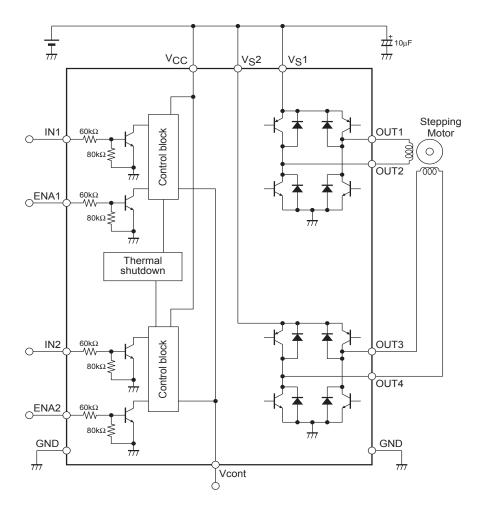


# **Recommended Soldering Footprint**



	(Unit:mm)
Reference Symbol	MFP14S (225mil)
eE	5.70
е	1.00
b3	0.47
I1	1.10

## **Block Diagram**



Note: As long as the voltages applied to  $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_{S1}$ ,  $V_{S2}$ , ENA1, ENA2, IN1, and IN2 are within the limits set by the absolute maximum ratings, there are no restrictions on the relationship of each voltage level in comparison with the others (regarding which is higher or lower). (ex.  $V_{CC} = 3V$ ,  $V_{S1}$ , 2 = 2V, ENA = IN = 5V)

### **Specifications**

### Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> max		-0.3 to +10.5	V
	V <sub>S</sub> max		-0.3 to +10.5	V
Output applied voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub>		V <sub>S</sub> +V <sub>SF</sub>	V
Input applied voltage	VIN		-0.3 to +10	V
Ground pin flow-out current	I <sub>GND</sub>	Per channel	1.0	Α
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	Independent IC	550	mW
		Mounted on a specified board *	800	mW
Operating temperature	Topr		-20 to +75	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-40 to +125	°C

<sup>\*</sup> Specified board:  $20mm \times 30mm \times 1.6mm$ , glass epoxy board.

Caution 1) Absolute maximum ratings represent the value which cannot be exceeded for any length of time.

Caution 2) Even when the device is used within the range of absolute maximum ratings, as a result of continuous usage under high temperature, high current, high voltage, or drastic temperature change, the reliability of the IC may be degraded. Please contact us for the further details.

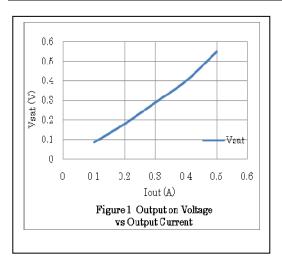
Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

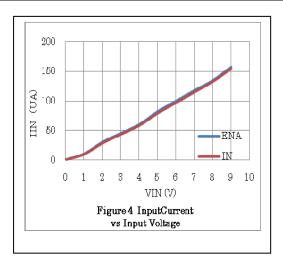
Recommended Operating Conditions at Ta = 25°C

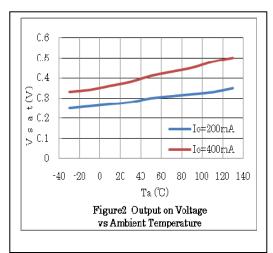
Parameter	Symbol Cor	O a sellina a se		11.2		
		Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		2.5		9.0	٧
	VS		1.8		9.0	٧
Input high-level voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>		1.8		9.0	V
Input Low-level voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>		-0.3		+0.7	٧

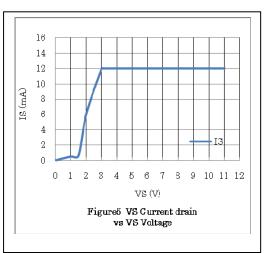
### Electrical Characteristics at Ta = 25°C, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3V

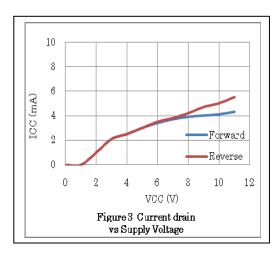
Davarantas	Complete al	Constitues.		11-4				
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit		
Current drain	I <sub>CC</sub> 0	ENA1,2 = 0V, V <sub>IN</sub> 1 = 3V or 0V		0.1	10	μА		
	I <sub>CC</sub> 1	ENA1 = 3V, V <sub>IN</sub> 1 = 3V or 0V		12	18	mA		
Output saturation voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub> 1	ENA = 3V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 3V or 0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200mA		0.2	0.28	V		
	V <sub>OUT</sub> 2	ENA = 3V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 3V or 0V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 400mA		0.4	0.6	V		
Input current	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 6V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 6V			200	μА		
	IENA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 6V, ENA = 6V			200	μА		
Output sustaining voltage	V <sub>O</sub> (SUS)	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 400mA	9			V		
Spark killer diode								
Reverse current	I <sub>S</sub> (leak)	V <sub>CC</sub> 1, V <sub>S</sub> = 7V			30	μА		
Forward voltage	V <sub>SF</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 400mA			1.7	V		











### Pin function

ion		
Pin name	Pin function	Equivalent Circuit
Vcc	Power-supply voltage pin. (signal supply) V <sub>CC</sub> voltage is impressed. The permissible operation voltage is from 2.5 to 9.0(V). The capacitor is connected for stabilization for GND pin (7pin,14pin).	
VS1	Power-supply voltage pin. ( motor supply)	
VS2	The permissible operation voltage is from 1.8 to 9.0(V). The capacitor is connected for stabilization for GND pin (7pin,14pin).	
ENA1	Motor stand-by (start-stop pin) control input pin. Start-stop control input pin of OUT1 (3pin) and OUT2 (5pin) The digital input it, range of the "L" level input is 0 to 0.7(V), range of the "H" level input is from 1.8 to 9.0(V). Pull-down resistance $30(k\Omega)$ is built into in the pin. It combines with ENA2 pin (4pin) and it uses it.	30KΩ
IN1	Motor forward-reverse (direction pin) control input pin. Direction control input pin of OUT1 (3pin) and OUT2 (5pin). It combines with IN2 pin (9pin) and it uses it. With built-in pull-down resistance.	30K
ENA2	Motor stand-by (start-stop pin) control input pin. Start-stop control input pin of OUT3 (12pin) and OUT4 (10pin). It combines with ENA1 pin (2pin) and it uses it. With built-in pull-down resistance.	<del>///</del> /
IN2	Motor forward-reverse (direction pin) control input pin. Direction control input pin of OUT3 (12pin) and OUT4 (10pin). It combines with IN1 pin (6pin) and it uses it. PWM can be input. With built-in pull-down resistance.	
GND	Ground pin.	
Vcont	Pre-drive monitor terminal. Please refer to Vcontpin explanation.	300Ω 300Κ
	Pin name VCC  VS1 VS2  ENA1  IN1  ENA2  IN2	Pin name         Pin function           VCC         Power-supply voltage pin. (signal supply)           VCC voltage is impressed. The permissible operation voltage is from 2.5 to 9.0(V). The capacitor is connected for stabilization for GND pin (7pin,14pin).           VS1         Power-supply voltage pin. (motor supply)           VS2         The permissible operation voltage is from 1.8 to 9.0(V). The capacitor is connected for stabilization for GND pin (7pin,14pin).           ENA1         Motor stand-by (start-stop pin) control input pin.

Continued on next page.

Continued from preceding page 10 Driving output pin. OUT4 VCC The motor coil is connected between terminal OUT3 (12pin). 12 OUT3 Driving output pin. The motor coil is connected between terminal OUT4 (10pin). OUT1 OUT3) OUT2 O (OUT4) OUT2 5 Driving output pin. The motor coil is connected between terminal OUT1 (3pin). OUT1 3 Driving output pin. The motor coil is connected between terminal OUT2 (5pin).

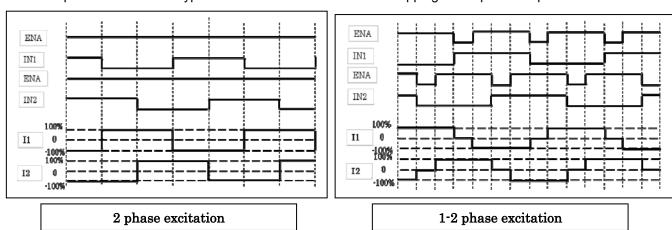
### **Operation explanation**

## 1. LB1838M Input-Output Logic

### Truth Table

IN1,2	ENA1,2	OUT1,3	OUT2,4	Mode
L	Н	Н	L	Forward
Н	Н	L	Н	Reverse
L	L	OFF	OFF	Standby
Н	L	OFF	OFF	Standby

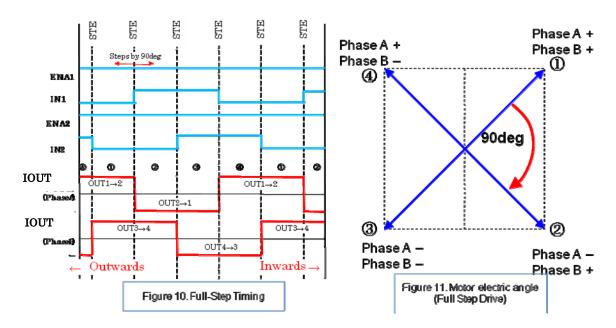
2. Stepping motor operation Sequence Example of current wave type in each excitation mode when stepping motor parallel input is controlled.



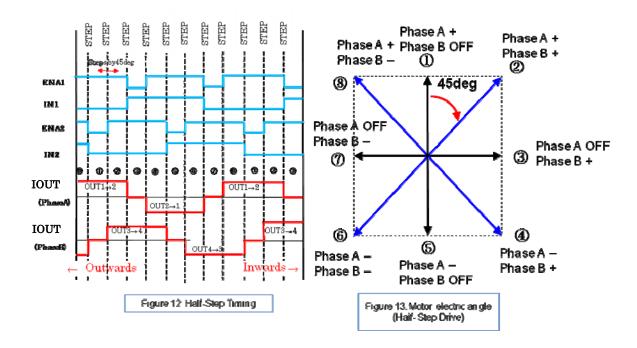
### 3. Theory

Full-Step MODE

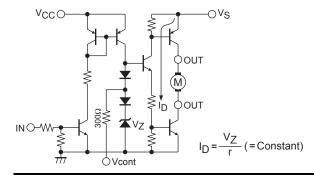
The motor moves 90 degrees in an electric corner when I input 1Step.



Half-Step MODE
 The motor moves 45 degrees in an electric corner when I input 1Step



### 4. Vcont pin



As shown in the left diagram, the Vcont pin outputs the voltage of the band gap Zener  $V_Z + V_F$  (= 1.93V). In normal use, this pin is left open.

The drive current I<sub>D</sub> is varied by the Vcont voltage. However, because the band gap Zener is shared, it functions as a bridge.

The motor can stop by making vcont terminal GND in emergency.

### 5. Thermal Shutdown circuit

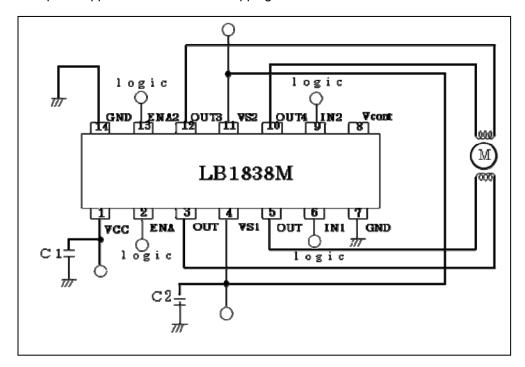
The thermal shutdown circuit in incorporated and the output is turned off when junction temperature Tj exceeds 180°C and the abnormal state warning output is turned on. As the temperature falls by hysteresis, the output turned on again (automatic restoration).

The thermal shutdown circuit does not guarantee the protection of the final product because it operates when the temperature exceed the junction temperature of Tjmax=150°C.

TSD = 
$$180^{\circ}$$
C (typ)  
 $\Delta$ TSD =  $40^{\circ}$ C (typ)

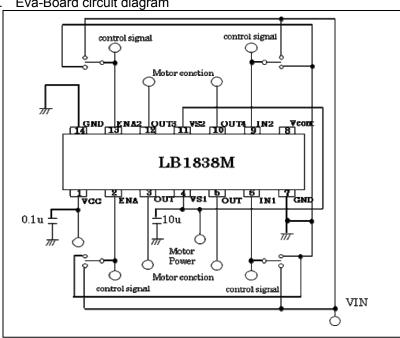
## **Application Circuit Example**

Example of applied circuit with one stepping motor



## **Eva-Board Manual**

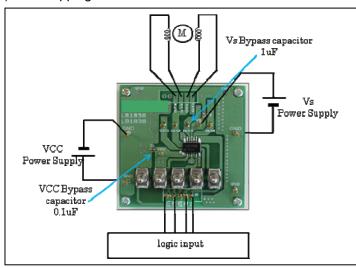
1. Eva-Board circuit diagram



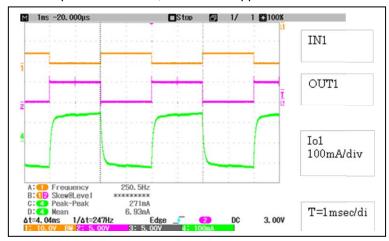
**Bill of Materials for LB1838M Evaluation Board** 

Designator	Qty	Description	Value	Tol	Footprint	Manufacturer	Manufacturer Part Number	Substitution Allowed	Lead Free
IC1	1	Motor Driver			MFP14S (225mil)	ON semiconductor	LB1838M	No	Yes
C1	1	VCC Bypass capacitor	1µF 50V			KOA	GRM188B11A 105K	Yes	Yes
C2	1	Vs Bypass capacitor	0.1u 100v			Murata	GRM188R72A 104KA35D	Yes	Yes
SW1-SW4	4	Switch				MIYAMA	MS-621-A01	Yes	Yes
TP1-TP11	14	Test points				MAC8	ST-1-3	Yes	Yes

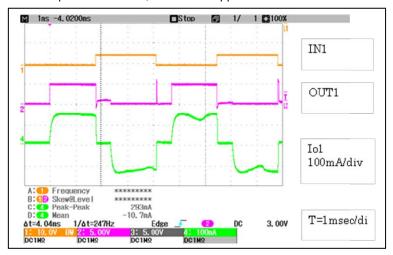
## 2. (1) One stepping motor drive



- (2) Stepping motor drive connection explanation
- Connect a stepping motor with OUT1, OUT2, OUT3 and OUT4.
- Connect the motor power supply with the terminal VCC, the control power supply with the terminal VIN. Connect the GND line with the terminal GND.
- STP motor drives it in an 2 phase excitation, 1-2 phase excitation by inputting an input signal such as follows into ENA1,N1,ENA2,IN2.
  - Waveform of LB1838M evaluation board when driving stepping motor
- Full-Step Drive VCC=5V, VS=5V 1000pps



• Half-Step Drive VCC=5V, VS=5V 1600pps



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